ENGLISH (OUT OF USA)

SpineVision®
Hexanium ACIF; Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion device

Intended Use
The Hexanium ACIF (Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion) system is intended as a standalone intervertebral body fusion device of the cervical spine (C3-C7). It is intended to be implanted via an anterior approach to give a primary stability of the cervical column (with or without restoring disc height) until fusion occurs.

Description
The Hexanium ACIF system consists of a cage and two bone screws for standalone intervertebral body fusion of the cervical spine (C3-C7). The Hexanium ACIF cages are available in various endplate shape, height, width and depth. The Hexanium ACIF screws are available in various lengths and diameters.
The hollow geometry of the cages allows them to be packed with bone graft.
The choice of the type of bone graft will always be the surgeon's responsibility.
All cages and bone screws are manufactured from implant grade Titanium (Ti6Al4V ELI) compliant with ASTM F3001 and F136, respectively.

According to the clinical evaluation report, it can be concluded that the benefice-risk ratio is positive.

Indications
The Hexanium ACIF (Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion) system is an intervertebral body fusion device indicated for use in skeletally mature patients with Degenerative Disc Disease (DDD) at one level from C3 to C7 of the cervical spine, and up to 2 consecutive levels. These DDD patients may also have up to Grade I spondylolisthesis of radiculopathy and/or myelopathy, or spondylosis at the involved level(s) and must be resistant to conservative management. This device is implanted via an anterior approach.

Contraindications
This device is not intended for thoracic or lumbar spine use.
Contraindications include:
- infection, local to the operative site;
- signs of local inflammation;
- fever or leukocytosis;
- morbid obesity;
- pregnancy;
- pediatric cases, or patient still having general skeletal growth;
- spondylolisthesis unable to be reduced to Grade I;
- suspected or allergic reactions to materials;
- any case where the implant components selected for use would be too large or too small to achieve a successful result;
- any patient having inadequate tissue coverage over the operative site or inadequate bone stock or quality;
- any patient in which implant utilization would interfere with anatomical structures or expected physiological performance;
- prior fusion at the level to be treated;
- any case not needing a bone graft or fusion;
- any abnormality present which affects the normal process of bone remodeling including, but not limited to, severe osteoporosis involving the spine, bone absorption, osteopenia, primary or metastatic tumors involving the spine, active infection at the site or certain metabolic disorders likely to affect implant integrity;
- any other condition which would preclude the potential benefit of spinal implant surgery, such as the presence of tumors or congenital abnormalities, fracture local to the operating site, elevation of segmentation rate unexplained by other diseases, elevation of white blood count (WBC), or a marked left shift in the WBC differential count;
- mental illness;
- any patient unwilling to cooperate with postoperative instructions.

The contraindications of these devices are similar to those of other spinal interbody systems. This spinal instrumentation is not designed, or intended, or sold for uses other than those indicated.
These contraindications must be taken into accrue by the physician when making his decision.

Potential Adverse Events
In addition to the risks associated with spinal surgery without instrumentation, the following potential adverse events can occur:
- delayed union;
- non-union (or pseudoarthrosis);
- bone fracture or stress shielding at, above, or below the level of surgery, microfracture, resorption, or damage of any spinal bone (including pedicles, anvil/or parietal bone.) which may lead to nerve root pain, harvest site;
- retropulsed graft;
- loosening, or migration of implant, that may result in paralysis, neurological disorders or blood vessel erosion due to the proximity of the device;
- loss of neurological function, appearance of radiculopathy, dural tears, and/or development of pain, neurovascular compromise including paralysis, temporary or permanent retrograde ejaculation in males, or other types of serious injury, cerebral spinal fluid leakage
- infection;
- hemorrhage of blood vessels and/or hematomas;
- discitis, arachnoiditis, and/or other types of inflammation;
- subsidence of implant into adjacent vertebral bodies resulting in loss of height and possible impingement of neural structures;
- loss of proper spinal curvature, correction, height, and/or reduction;
- pain, discomfort, or other abnormal sensations due to the presence of the device;
- herniated nucleus pulposus, disc disruption or degeneration above, or below the level of surgery;
- dysphagia;
- adjacent level degenerative changes;
- loss of or increase in spinal mobility or function;
- pressure on the surrounding tissues or organs;
- foreign body reaction due to the presence of implants, such as a mass, auto-immune disease and/or impaired healing;
- cessation of any potential growth of the operated portion of the spine,
- deep venous thrombosis, thrombophlebitis;
- development of respiratory problems, e.g. pulmonary embolism, atelectasis, bronchitis, pneumonia, etc.;
- bone graft donor site complications;
- urinary retention or loss of bladder control or other types of urological system compromise;
- scar formation possibly causing neurological compromise or compression around nerves and/or pain;
- change in mental status; incapacity to normal the activities of normo o everyday life;
- Death

Note: Some potential adverse events may require an additional surgical revision procedure.

Storage and packaging
Packages for each of the components should be intact upon receipt. Care should be taken not to damage the implants when opening the packaging. For implant supplied in a sterile form, carefully check that the seal on the cardboard box is intact before you open the box. Damaged packages or products must not be used. If in doubt, please send them back to SpineVision®.

Inspection, cleaning and sterilization
Hexanium ACIF implants are delivered sterile by exposure to a minimum dose of 25kGy of gamma radiation. They must be never resterilized.
Hexanium ACIF implants must only be used with the Hexanium ACIF ancillary equipment. Hexanium ACIF ancillary equipment is not supplied sterile and must be sterilized before use.
All packaging and labelling materials must be removed prior to sterilization. Decontamination and cleaning must be performed before sterilization. Further information regarding cleaning and sterilization of SpineVision products are available in the instruction I-LG09 "Instructions for cleaning, sterilization, inspection and maintenance of SpineVision medical devices".

- **Cleaning and decontamination of the non-sterile instruments at the Healthcare facility:**

It is recommended to use a neutral pH, enzymatic and alkaline (pH < 11) cleaning agents solution and deionized or distilled warm (room temperature) water of soaking, cleaning and rinsing.
Dismantle the necessary instruments. Articulated instruments must be opened.
Inspect each device and repeat the washing in the presence of any residual debris, paying close attention to threads, cannulas, hinges and hard to reach areas.
Note: Certain cleaning solutions, such as those containing bleach or formaldehyde, may damage certain components and must not be used.

- **Verification**

The devices must always be verified before use: any devices presenting signs of weakness or surface scratches must not be used. (Return to the manufacturer or distributor any implants showing deterioration).

- **Sterilization**

Prior to use, Hexanium ACIF instruments should be steam sterilized according to the following parameters:

Method	Cycle	Temperature	Minimum exposure time	Minimum drying time
Steam	Prevacuum	134° (273°F)	3 minutes	30 minutes
Steam	Prevacuum	134° (273°F)	18 minutes	30 minutes
Steam	Prevacuum	132° (270°F)	4 minutes	30 minutes

The second cycle (134°C during 18minutes) is the recommended cycle in several European countries.
Validations were performed with dynamic-air-removal steam sterilization process.

Warnings and precautions

PREOPERATIVE
- The use of the Hexanium ACIF has to be done using dedicated adequate instrumentation by a trained orthopedic surgeon or neurosurgeon familiar with these recommendations as well as with the operating techniques relating to these implants.
- The surgeon must be aware of not only the medical and surgical aspects of the implant, but also of the material limitations of titanium implants. The patient must be instructed in the limitations of the implant, especially with regard to the weight bearing and other body stresses on the device before a solid fusion occurs. The patient must be instructed that non-compliance with postoperative instructions could lead to failure of the device. The patient must be instructed that device failure could lead to the need for additional surgery to remove failed components.
- **Only patients that meet the criteria described in the indications should be selected and patients corresponding to the aforementioned conditions should not be selected. The following factors may be of importance when selecting patients for internal stabilization devices:**
  - foreign body sensitivity;
  - certain degenerative diseases;
  - senility, mental illness, alcoholism, or drug abuse;
  - obesity;
  - patient's occupation or activity level;
  - smoking.
- Additional sterile components should be available in case of any unexpected need.

INTRAOPERATIVE (Please see surgical technique SPINEVISION®)
- Correct handling of the implants is extremely important. The implants must be transported in a way not to incur any damage. The implants must not be scratched and must not collide during handling.
- Care must be taken when picking up the Hexanium ACIF implants, filling it with bone graft and inserting it between the vertebral bodies. Alterations may produce defects in surface finish and may become the focal point for eventual breakage of the implant or for decreased efficacy in withstanding post-operative migration (e.g., when teeth of implant are damaged).
- Correct selection of the implant size is extremely important. The chance of adequate stabilization is increased by the selection of the proper size of the implant to engage the anatomy and conditions of the patient. Proper selection of the implant can minimize, but not eliminate risks.
- The Hexanium ACIF components have been designed for use with this system. Do not use the Hexanium ACIF with any components not specifically recommended, or with any components from another manufacturer.
- The Hexanium ACIF cannot be inserted via a posterior approach.
- The Hexanium ACIF cannot be used in thoracic and lumbar spine.
- The implant should be placed on the peripheral cortical bone of the endplates to minimize the risk of post-operative subsidence.
- Surgical implants must never be reused. An explanted implant should never be reimplanted. Even though a device appears undamaged, it may have small defects and internal stress patterns that may lead to early breakage.

POSTOPERATIVE
- Careful patient monitoring for the first two to four months following the operation is very important while the fusion mass matures and becomes able to share load with the implant. Adequately instruct the patient in the appropriate postoperative care. The patient must be instructed to reduce stress on the implants in order to avoid clinical problems that may accompany failed fixation. The patient's ability and willingness to follow instructions are one of the most important aspects of successful bone healing. The patient must be instructed in the limitations of the implant and that the physical activity and full weight bearing may cause premature failure of internal stabilization devices by migrating, loosening or fracture. The patient must be instructed that an implant has less the strength of normal healthy bone, and that device failure may occur if excessive loading is placed on the implant. An active, debilitated, or demented patient who is unable to use orthotic weight bearing devices may be particularly at risk.
- No internal stabilization device can withstand activity levels equal to those withstood by normal healthy segment. No implant can be expected to withstand unsupported weight-bearing stress indefinitely.
- Implants may fail when subjected to the increased loading associated with delayed union or non-union. Internal stabilization devices are intended as load-sharing devices until normal healing occurs. If normal healing does not occur or is delayed, the device may break due to fatigue. Patients should be informed of the risks of implant failure.

Magnetic Resonance (MR) Safety: Non-clinical testing has not been performed on the Hexanium ACIF Cages. However, based on the literature and similarity to materials and designs with established MR Conditional status, the product can be considered safe for use under MR Conditional of 3-Tesla, only

- Static magnetic field of 1.5-Tesla and 3-Tesla, only
- Maximum spatial gradient magnetic field of 4,000-gauss/cm (40-T/m)
- Maximum MR system reported, whole body averaged specific absorption rate (SAR) of 2-W/kg for 15 minutes of scanning (i.e., per pulse sequence) in the Normal Operating Mode
- Under the conditions defined, the Neo Cage System™ is expected to produce a maximum temperature rise of 1.7°C after 15-minutes of continuous scanning (i.e., per pulse sequence).

In non-clinical data, the image artifact caused by the Hexanium ACIF Cages extends approximately 12-mm from this device when imaged using a gradient echo pulse sequence and a 3-Tesla MR system.

Potential Adverse Events
In addition to the risks associated with spinal surgery without instrumentation, the following potential adverse events can occur (non-exhaustive list):
- delayed union;
- non-union (or pseudoarthrosis);
- bone fracture or stress shielding at, above, or below the level of surgery, microfracture, resorption, or damage of any spinal bone (including pedicles, anvil/or vertebral body) and/or bone graft or bone graft harvest site;
- retropulsed graft;
- loosening, or migration of implant, that may result in paralysis, neurological disorders or blood vessel erosion due to the proximity of the device;
- loss of neurological function, appearance of radiculopathy, dural tears, and/or development of pain, neurovascular compromise including paralysis, temporary or permanent retrograde ejaculation in males, or other types of serious injury, cerebral spinal fluid leakage
- infection;
- hemorrhage of blood vessels and/or hematomas;
- discitis, arachnoiditis, and/or other types of inflammation;
- subsidence of implant into adjacent vertebral bodies resulting in loss of height and possible impingement of neural structures;
- loss of proper spinal curvature, correction, height, and/or reduction;
- pain, discomfort, or other abnormal sensations due to the presence of the device;
- herniated nucleus pulposus, disc disruption or degeneration above, or below the level of surgery;
- dysphagia;
- adjacent level degenerative changes;
- loss of or increase in spinal mobility or function;
- pressure on the surrounding tissues or organs;
- foreign body reaction due to the presence of implants, such as a mass, auto-immune disease and/or impaired healing;
- cessation of any potential growth of the operated portion of the spine,
- deep venous thrombosis, thrombophlebitis;
- development of respiratory problems, e.g. pulmonary embolism, atelectasis, bronchitis, pneumonia, etc.;
- bone graft donor site complications;
- urinary retention or loss of bladder control or other types of urological system compromise;
- scar formation possibly causing neurological compromise or compression around nerves and/or pain;
- change in mental status; incapacity to normal the activities of normo o everyday life;
- Death

Note: Some potential adverse events may require an additional surgical revision procedure.

Storage and packaging
Packages for each of the components should be intact upon receipt. Care should be taken not to damage the implants when opening the packaging. For implant supplied in a sterile form, carefully check that the seal on the cardboard box is intact before you open the box. Damaged packages or products must not be used. If in doubt, please send them back to SpineVision®.

Cleaning and sterilization
Hexanium ACIF implants are delivered sterile by exposure to a minimum dose of 25kGy of gamma radiation. They must be never resterilized.
Hexanium ACIF implants must only be used with the Hexanium ACIF ancillary equipment. Hexanium ACIF ancillary equipment is not supplied sterile and must be sterilized before use.
All packaging and labelling materials must be removed prior to sterilization. Decontamination and cleaning must be performed before sterilization. For details regarding the following sections, please refer to instructions for cleaning, sterilization, inspection and maintenance (lubrication) of SpineVision® medical devices provided with the sets.

For cleaning and decontamination of the non-sterile instruments at the Healthcare facility:
It is recommended to use a neutral pH, enzymatic and alkaline (pH < 11) cleaning agents solution and deionized or distilled warm (room temperature) water of soaking, cleaning and rinsing.
Dismantle the necessary instruments. Articulated instruments must be opened.
Inspect each device and repeat the washing in the presence of any residual debris, paying close attention to threads, cannulas, hinges and hard to reach areas.

Note: Certain cleaning solutions, such as those containing bleach or formaldehyde, may damage certain components and must not be used, except for aluminium instruments used on high-risk patients.

Sterilization
Prior to use, Hexanium ACIF instruments should be steam sterilized according to the following parameters:

Method	Cycle	Temperature	Minimum exposure time	Minimum drying time
Steam	Prevacuum	134° (273°F) **See note 1**	3 minutes	30 minutes
Steam	Prevacuum	134° (273°F) **See note 1**	18 minutes	30 minutes
Steam	Prevacuum	132° (270°F)	4 minutes	30 minutes

Validations were performed with dynamic-air-removal steam sterilization process.

Note 1: These sterilization cycles are not considered by the Food and Drug Administration to be standard sterilization cycles. It is in the end user's responsibility to use only validated parameters and accessories (such as sterilization wraps, sterilization pouches, chemical indicators, biological indicators, and sterilization cassettes) that have cleared by the Food and Drug Administration for the selected sterilization cycle specifications (time and temperature).

Lubrication specifications
SpineVision® recommends the lubrication instruments with moving or articulating parts. The instruments must be lubricated after each pre-disinfection / decontamination and before each steam sterilization.

Verification
The devices must always be verified before use: any devices presenting signs of weakness or surface scratches must not be used. (Return to the manufacturer or distributor any implants showing deterioration)

Warnings and precautions

PREOPERATIVE
- The use of the Hexanium ACIF has to be done using dedicated adequate instrumentation by a trained orthopedic surgeon or neurosurgeon familiar with these recommendations as well as with the operating techniques relating to these implants.
- The surgeon must be aware of not only the medical and surgical aspects of the implant, but also of the material limitations of titanium implants. The patient must be instructed in the limitations of the implant, especially with regard to the weight bearing and other body stresses on the device before a solid fusion occurs. The patient must be instructed that non-compliance with postoperative instructions could lead to failure of the device. The patient must be instructed that device failure could lead to the need for additional surgery to remove failed components.
- **Only patients that meet the criteria described in the indications should be selected and patients corresponding to the aforementioned conditions should not be selected. The following factors may be of importance when selecting patients for internal stabilization devices:**
  - foreign body sensitivity;
  - certain degenerative diseases;
  - senility, mental illness, alcoholism, or drug abuse;
  - obesity;
  - patient's occupation or activity level;
  - smoking.
- Additional sterile components should be available in case of any unexpected need.

INTRAOPERATIVE
- Correct handling of the implants is extremely important. The implants must be transported in a way not to incur any damage. The implants must not be scratched and must not collide during handling.
- Care must be taken when picking up the Hexanium ACIF implants, filling it with autogenous bone graft and inserting it between the vertebral bodies. Alterations may produce defects in surface finish and may become the focal point for eventual breakage of the implant or for decreased efficacy in withstanding post-operative migration (e.g., when teeth of implant are damaged).
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- The Hexanium ACIF cannot be inserted via a posterior approach.
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- Careful patient monitoring for the first two to four months following the operation is very important while the fusion mass matures and becomes able to share load with the implant. Adequately instruct the patient in the appropriate postoperative care. The patient must be instructed to reduce stress on the implants in order to avoid clinical problems that may accompany failed fixation. The patient's ability and willingness to follow instructions are one of the most important aspects of successful bone healing. The patient must be instructed in the limitations of the implant and that the physical activity and full weight bearing may cause premature failure of internal stabilization devices by migrating, loosening or fracture. The patient must be instructed that an implant has less the strength of normal healthy bone, and that device failure may occur if excessive loading is placed on the implant. An active, debilitated, or demented patient who is unable to use orthotic weight bearing devices may be particularly at risk.
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Magnetic Resonance (MR) Safety: Non-clinical testing has not been performed on the Hexanium ACIF Cages. However, based on the literature and similarity to materials and designs with established MR Conditional status, the product can be considered safe for use under MR Conditional of 3-Tesla, only

- Static magnetic field of 1.5-Tesla and 3-Tesla, only
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- Under the conditions defined, the Neo Cage System™ is expected to produce a maximum temperature rise of 1.7°C after 15-minutes of continuous scanning (i.e., per pulse sequence).

In non-clinical data, the image artifact caused by the Hexanium ACIF Cages extends approximately 12-mm from this device when imaged using a gradient echo pulse sequence and a 3-Tesla MR system.

Product complaints
Any health care professional (e.g., customer or user of this system of products), who has any complaints or who has experienced any dissatisfaction in the product quality, identification, durability, reliability, safety, effectiveness and/or performance, should notify SpineVision®. Further, if any of the implanted Hexanium ACIF components does not meet any of its performance specifications or otherwise does not perform as intended, or is suspected of doing so, SpineVision® should be notified immediately.

If any SpineVision® product may have caused or contributed to the death or serious injury of a patient, SpineVision® should be notified as soon as possible by telephone, fax or written correspondence. When filing a complaint, please provide the component(s) name and number, lot number(s), your name and address, the nature of the complaint and notification of whether a written report is requested from SpineVision®.

FOR ALL INFORMATION OR COMPLAINTS, CONTACT:

In Europe	In USA
SpineVision SAS 3 Rue de la Renaissance 92160 Antony France Tel.: +33 (0) 1 5333 2525 Email: corp.quality@clariance-spinevision.com	SpineVision Inc. 3321 Townwood Dr Ste 130, Farmers Branch Texas, 75234 - USA Phone: +1 773 832 7554

	See package insert for labeling limitation	Rx only	Federal law (US) restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.
	Do not use if package is damaged		Consult instructions for use
	Expiration date	LOT	Batch code
	Do not re-use	REF	Catalog number
	Keep dry		Do not re-sterilize
	Keep away from sunlight		
STERILE R	Sterilized using Irradiation	CE 0123	Medical Device
MR	MR conditional		

IMPORTANT INFORMATION CONCERNING HEXANIUM ACIF INSTRUMENTATION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

SpineVision®
Hexanium ACIF; Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion device

Purpose
The Hexanium ACIF (Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion) system is intended as a standalone intervertebral body fusion device of the cervical spine (C3-T1). It is intended to be implanted via an anterior approach to give a primary stability of the cervical column (with or without restoring disc height) until fusion occurs.

Description
The Hexanium ACIF system consists of a cage and two bone screws for standalone intervertebral body fusion of the cervical spine (C3-T1). The Hexanium ACIF cages are available in various endplate shape, height, width and depth. The Hexanium ACIF screws are available in various lengths and diameters.
The hollow geometry of the cages allows them to be packed with autogenous bone graft.
The Hexanium ACIF must be filled with autogenous bone graft to enhance the bone fusion.
All cages and bone screws are manufactured from implant grade Titanium (Ti6Al4V ELI) compliant with ASTM F3001 and F136, respectively).

Indications
The Hexanium ACIF (Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion) system is intervertebral body fusion device indicated for use with autogenous bone graft in skeletally mature patients with Degenerative Disc Disease (DDD) at one level from C3-T1. DDD is defined as discogenic neck pain with degeneration of the disc confirmed by patient history and radiographic studies. These DDD patients may also have up to Grade I spondylolisthesis at the involved level(s). Patients should have received at least 6 weeks of non-operative treatment prior to treatment with Hexanium ACIF system. This device has to be filled with autogenous bone graft material. This device is implanted via an anterior approach.

Contraindications
This device is not intended for thoracic or lumbar spine use.
Contraindications include, but are not limited to:
- infection, local to the operative site;
- signs of local inflammation;
- fever or leukocytosis;
- morbid obesity;
- pregnancy;
- pediatric cases, or patient still having general skeletal growth;
- spondylolisthesis unable to be reduced to Grade I;
- suspected or documented allergy or intolerance to composite materials;
- any case where the implant components selected for use would be too large or too small to achieve a successful result;
- any patient having inadequate tissue coverage over the operative site or inadequate bone stock or quality;
- any patient in which implant utilization would interfere with anatomical structures or expected physiological performance;
- prior fusion at the level to be treated;
- any case not needing a bone graft or fusion;
- any abnormality present which affects the normal process of bone remodeling including, but not limited to, severe osteoporosis involving the spine, bone absorption, osteopenia, primary or metastatic tumors involving the spine, active infection at the site or certain metabolic disorders likely to affect implant integrity;
- any other condition which would preclude the potential benefit of spinal implant surgery, such as the presence of tumors or congenital abnormalities, fracture local to the operating site, elevation of segmentation rate unexplained by other diseases, elevation of white blood count (WBC), or a marked left shift in the WBC differential count;
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  - patient's occupation or activity level;
  - smoking.
- Additional sterile components should be available in case of any unexpected need.

INTRAOPERATIVE
- Correct handling of the implants is extremely important. The implants must be transported in a way not to incur any damage. The implants must not be scratched and must not collide during handling.
- Care must be taken when picking up the Hexanium ACIF implants, filling it with autogenous bone graft and inserting it between the vertebral bodies. Alterations may produce defects in surface finish and may become the focal point for eventual breakage of the implant or for decreased efficacy in withstanding post-operative migration (e.g., when teeth of implant are damaged).
- Correct selection of the implant size is extremely important. The chance of adequate stabilization is increased by the selection of the proper size of the implant to engage the anatomy and conditions of the patient. Proper selection of the implant can minimize, but not eliminate risks.
- The Hexanium ACIF components have been designed for use with this system. Do not use the Hexanium ACIF with any components not specifically recommended, or with any components from another manufacturer.
- The Hexanium ACIF cannot be inserted via a posterior approach.
- The Hexanium ACIF cannot be used in thoracic and lumbar spine.
- The implant should be placed on the peripheral cortical bone of the endplates to minimize the risk of post-operative subsidence.
- Surgical implants must never be reused. An explanted implant should never be reimplanted. Even though a device appears undamaged, it may have small defects and internal stress patterns that may lead to early breakage.

POSTOPERATIVE
- Careful patient monitoring for the first two to four months following the operation is very important while the fusion mass matures and becomes able to share load with the implant. Adequately instruct the patient in the appropriate postoperative care. The patient must be instructed to reduce stress on the implants in order to avoid clinical problems that may accompany failed fixation. The patient's ability and willingness to follow instructions are one of the most important aspects of successful bone healing. The patient must be instructed in the limitations of the implant and that the physical activity and full weight bearing may cause premature failure of internal stabilization devices by migrating, loosening or fracture. The patient must be instructed that an implant has less the strength of normal healthy bone, and that device failure may occur if excessive loading is placed on the implant. An active, debilitated, or demented patient who is unable to use orthotic weight bearing devices may be particularly at risk.
- No internal stabilization device can withstand activity levels equal to those withstood by normal healthy segment. No implant can be expected to withstand unsupported weight-bearing stress indefinitely.
- Implants may fail when subjected to the increased loading associated with delayed union or non-union. Internal stabilization devices are intended as load-sharing devices until normal healing occurs. If normal healing does not occur or is delayed, the device may break due to fatigue. Patients should be informed of the risks of implant failure.

Magnetic Resonance (MR) Safety: Non-clinical testing has not been performed on the Hexanium ACIF Cages. However, based on the literature and similarity to materials and designs with established MR Conditional status, the product can be considered safe for use under MR Conditional of 3-Tesla, only

- Static magnetic field of 1.5-Tesla and 3-Tesla, only
- Maximum spatial gradient magnetic field of 4,000-gauss/cm (40-T/m)
- Maximum MR system reported, whole body averaged specific absorption rate (SAR) of 2-W/kg for 15 minutes of scanning (i.e., per pulse sequence) in the Normal Operating Mode
- Under the conditions defined, the Neo Cage System™ is expected to produce a maximum temperature rise of 1.7°C after 15-minutes of continuous scanning (i.e., per pulse sequence).

In non-clinical data, the image artifact caused by the Hexanium ACIF Cages extends approximately 12-mm from this device when imaged using a gradient echo pulse sequence and a 3-Tesla MR system.

Product complaints
Any health care professional (e.g., customer or user of this system of products), who has any complaints or who has experienced any dissatisfaction in the product quality, identification, durability, reliability, safety, effectiveness and/or performance, should notify SpineVision®. Further, if any of the implanted Hexanium ACIF components does not meet any of its performance specifications or otherwise does not perform as intended, or is suspected of doing so, SpineVision® should be notified immediately.

If any SpineVision® product may have caused or contributed to the death or serious injury of a patient, SpineVision® should be notified as soon as possible by telephone, fax or written correspondence. When filing a complaint, please provide the component(s) name and number, lot number(s), your name and address, the nature of the complaint and notification of whether a written report is requested from SpineVision®.

FOR ALL INFORMATION OR COMPLAINTS, CONTACT:

In Europe	In USA
SpineVision SAS 3 Rue de la Renaissance 92160 Antony France Tel.: +33 (0) 1 5333 2525 Email: corp.quality@clariance-spinevision.com	SpineVision Inc. 3321 Townwood Dr Ste 130, Farmers Branch Texas, 75234 - USA Phone: +1 773 832 7554

	See package insert for labeling limitation	Rx only	Federal law (US) restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.
	Do not use if package is damaged		Consult instructions for use
	Expiration date	LOT	Batch code
	Do not re-use	REF	Catalog number
	Keep dry		Do not re-sterilize
	Keep away from sunlight		
STERILE R	Sterilized using Irradiation	CE 0123	Medical Device
MR	MR conditional		

IMPORTANT INFORMATION CONCERNING HEXANIUM ACIF INSTRUMENTATION

SpineVision®
Hexanium ACIF; dispositif de fusion intervertébrale cervicale antérieure

Usage prévu
Le système Hexanium ACIF (*Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion*, fusion intervertébrale cervicale antérieure) est conçu comme un dispositif autonome de fusion du corps intervertébral de la colonne cervicale (C3-C7). Il est conçu pour être implanté selon une approche antérieure, afin d'assurer la stabilité primaire de la colonne cervicale (en restaurant ou non la hauteur du disque) jusqu'à ce que la fusion s'opère.

Description
Le système Hexanium ACIF comprend une cage et deux vis osseuses pour la fusion autonome du corps intervertébral de la colonne cervicale (C3-C7). Les cages du système Hexanium ACIF sont disponibles dans une plaque terminale de différentes formes, hauteurs, largeurs et profondeurs. Les vis du système Hexanium ACIF sont disponibles en différentes longueurs et diamètres.
La géométrie creuse des cages permet de les remplir de greffon osseux.
Le choix du type de greffon osseux relèvera toujours de la responsabilité du chirurgien.
Toutes les cages et vis osseuses sont fabriquées en titane de grade adéquat pour les implants (Ti6Al4V ELI respectivement conforme aux normes ASTM F3001 et ASTM F136).

Le rapport d'évaluation clinique permet de conclure que le rapport avantage/risque est positif.

Indications
Le système Hexanium ACIF (*Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion*, fusion intervertébrale cervicale antérieure) est un dispositif de fusion du corps intervertébral indiqué pour être utilisé chez les patients ayant atteint la maturité squelettique et présentant une discopathie dégénérative (DD) sur un niveau de C3 à C7 de la colonne cervicale, et jusqu'au 2 niveaux consécutifs. Ces patients atteints de DD peuvent également présenter des symptômes de radiculopathie et/ou myélopathie, ou de spondylose au niveau de la/des région(s) concernée(s), et doivent être réfractaires à un traitement conservateur. Ce dispositif est implanté par une approche antérieure.

Contre-indications
Ce dispositif n'est pas conçu pour être utilisé sur la colonne thoracique ou lombaire.
Les contre-indications comprennent :
- infection locale au site de l'opération;
- signes d'inflammation locale;
- fièvre ou leucocytose;
- obésité massive;
- grossesse;
- cas pédiatriques, ou patients dont la croissance squelettique est encore en cours;
- spondylolisthésis ne pouvant être ramené à un niveau I;
- allergie ou réaction suspectée aux matériaux ou allergie avérée qui composent le système;
- tous les cas où les composants de l'implant sélectionnés pour être utilisés seraient trop grands ou trop petits pour obtenir un résultat satisfaisant;
- tout patient présentant une couverture tissulaire non adéquate sur le site de l'intervention ou dont la quantité ou la qualité des os est insuffisante;
- tout patient sur lequel l'utilisation de l'implant influerait sur les structures an

- Der richtige Umgang mit den Implantaten ist äußerst wichtig. Die Implantate müssen so transportiert werden, dass keine Schäden entstehen. Die Implantate dürfen nicht zerkratzt werden und beim Hantieren nicht kollidieren.
- Beim Aufnehmen der Implantate vom Typ Hexanium ACIF, dem Auffüllen mit Knochentransplantat und dem Einsetzen zwischen die Wirbelkörper ist Vorsicht geboten. Veränderungen können zu Oberflächenfehlern führen und zum Zentrum eines etwaigen Bruchs des Implantats oder für eine verminderte Wirksamkeit bei der Bewältigung postoperativer Migrationen (z. B. bei Beschädigungen der Implantatzähne) werden.
- Die richtige Auswahl der Implantatgröße ist äußerst wichtig. Die Wahrscheinlichkeit einer angemessenen Stabilisierung wird durch die Auswahl der richtigen Implantatgröße unter Berücksichtigung der Anatomie und des Zustands des Patienten erhöht. Die richtige Auswahl des Implantats kann Risiken minimieren, jedoch nicht ausschließen.
- Die Hexanium ACIF-Komponenten wurden für den Einsatz mit diesem System entwickelt. Verwenden Sie Hexanium ACIF nur mit ausdrücklich empfohlenen Komponenten und nicht mit Komponenten eines anderen Herstellers.
- Hexanium ACIF kann nicht über eine posteriore Vorgehensweise eingeführt werden.
- Hexanium ACIF kann nicht in der Brust- und Lendenwirbelsäule eingesetzt werden.
- Das Implantat sollte auf die anatomischen Gegebenheiten des Endplatten gesetzt werden, um das Risiko einer postoperativen Absenkung zu minimieren.
- Chirurgische Implantate dürfen niemals wiederverwendet werden. Ein explantiertes Implantat darf keinesfalls erneut eingesetzt werden. Auch wenn ein Gerät unbeschädigt erscheint, kann es kleine Defekte und innere Spannungsmuster aufweisen, die zu einem frühen Bruch führen könnten.

POSTOPERATIV

- Eine sorgfältige Patientenüberwachung ist in den ersten zwei bis vier Monaten nach der Operation, während die Fusionsmasse reift und sich die Last mit dem Implantat teilen kann, äußerst wichtig. Weisen Sie den Patienten an, sich während dieses Zeitraums entsprechende postoperative Pflege ein. Der Patient muss angewiesen werden, die Belastung der Implantate zu reduzieren, um klinische Probleme zu vermeiden, die mit einer fehlgeschlagenen Fixierung einhergehen können. Die Fähigkeit und Bereitschaft des Patienten, Anweisungen zu befolgen, ist einer der wichtigsten Faktoren für einen erfolgreichen Knochenheilung. Der Patient muss über die Einschränkungen des Implantats sowie darüber, dass körperliche Aktivität und volle Gewichtsbelastung zu einem vorzeitigen Ausfall der internen Stabilisierungsgeräte infolge von Migration, Lockerung oder Fraktur führen können, aufgeklärt werden. Der Patient muss darüber informiert werden, dass ein Implantat nicht die Stärke eines normalen gesunden Knochens hat und dass es bei übermäßiger Belastung des Implantats zu einem Gerätefehler kommen könnte. Ein aktiver, geschwächter oder dementer Patient, der nicht in der Lage ist, orthopädische Lastaufmerksamkeit zu praktizieren, ist ein schlechter Kandidat.
- Keine interne Stabilisierungsvorrichtung kann einem Aktivitätsniveau standhalten, das jenem eines normalen gesunden Knochens entspricht und nicht zu erwarten, dass ein Implantat einer ungeeigneten Traglast auf unbestimmte Zeit standhält.
- Implantate können ausfallen, wenn sie einer erhöhten Belastung ausgesetzt sind, die mit einer verzögerten oder nicht erfolgten Vereinigung einhergehen. Interne Stabilisierungsvorrichtungen werden als Lastverteilungsvorrichtungen konzipiert, bis die normale Heilung eintritt. Wenn die normale Heilung nicht oder verzögert eintritt, kann das Gerät ausfall einer Überbelastung brechen. Die Patienten müssen über die Risiken eines Implantatausfalls informiert werden.

Magnetresonanz- (MR)-Sicherheit: Es wurden keine nichtklinischen Tests an den Hexanium ACIF-Käfigen durchgeführt. Basierend auf der Literatur und Erfahrung mit ähnlichen Materialien und Designs mit etablierter MR-bedingten Status kann das Produkt jedoch als sicher für die Verwendung unter MR-bedingten Bedingungen angesehen werden:

- Statisches Magnetfeld von 1,5 Tesla und 3 Tesla, nur
- Maximales räumliches Gradientenmagnetfeld von 4.000 Gauss/cm (40 T/m)
- Maximal gemeldete spezifische Absorptionsrate (SAR) des Körpers für den gesamten Körper von 2 W/kg für 15 Minuten Scanzeit (d. h. pro Pulssequenz) im normalen Betriebsmodus
- Unter den definierten Scanbedingungen wird erwartet, dass das Neo Cage System™ nach 15 Minuten kontinuierlicher Scanzeit (d. h. pro Pulssequenz) einen maximalen Temperaturanstieg von 1,7 °C erzeugt.
- In nicht klinischen Daten erstreckt sich der durch die Hexanium ACIF-Käfige verursachte Bildartefakt bei der Bildgebung mit einer Gradienten-echo-Pulssequenz mit einem 3-Tesla-MR-System etwa 12 mm von diesem Gerät entfernt.

Entsorgung

Alle infektiösen Abfälle (implantate) müssen in Übereinstimmung mit den anwendbaren nationalen und lokalen Vorschriften und dem Protokoll für Krankenhausabfälle, Abfälle der medizinischen Einrichtung entsorgt werden, um dürfen bis zur endgültigen Entsorgung (einschließlich Reinigung, Dekontamination und Entsorgung) die Sicherheit oder Gesundheit der Patienten und Patientinnen, des Benutzers bzw. der Benutzerin oder einer anderen Person nicht gefährden.

Beschwerden hinsichtlich des Produkts

Jeder Mediziner (z. B. Kunde oder Nutzer dieses Produktsystems), der Beschwerden hat oder mit der Qualität, Identifizierung, Haltbarkeit, Zuverlässigkeit, Sicherheit, Wirksamkeit und/oder Leistung des Produkts unzufrieden ist, sollte sich an SpineVision® wenden. Darüber hinaus sollte SpineVision® unverzüglich informiert werden, wenn eine der implantierten Hexanium ACIF-Komponenten nicht den Leistungsdaten entspricht oder andersweitig nicht wie vorgesehen funktionieren oder wenn der Verdacht besteht, dass dies der Fall ist.

Wenn ein SpineVision®-Produkt den Tod oder eine schwere Verletzung eines Patienten verursacht oder dazu beigetragen haben könnte, sollte SpineVision® so schnell wie möglich telefonisch, per Fax oder schriftlich darüber informiert werden. Bei der Einreichung einer Beschwerde geben Sie bitte den Namen und die Nummer der Komponente(n), die Chargennummer(n), Ihren Namen und Ihre Adresse, die Art der Beschwerde sowie die Mitteilung, ob ein schriftlicher Bericht von SpineVision® angefordert wird, an.

HINSICHTLICH ALLER INFORMATIONEN ODER BESCHWERDEN KONTAKTIEREN SIE UNS:

In Europa	In den USA
SpineVision SAS 3 Rue de la Renaissance FR-92160 Antony Tel.: +33 (0) 1 5333 2525 E-Mail: corp.quality@clariance-spinevision.com	SpineVision Inc. 3321 Townewood Dr St 130, Farmers Branch Texas, 75234 - USA Phone: +1 773 832 7554

	Beschränkung der Verwendung siehe Packungsbeilage	Rx only	Gemäß US-Bundesgesetz darf dieses Gerät nur durch einen Arzt oder auf ärztliche Verschreibung verkauft werden
	Nicht verwenden, wenn die Verpackung		Lesen Sie die Gebrauchsanweisung.
	Verfallsdatum		Chargencode
	Nicht wiederverwenden.		Hersteller
	Trocken halten.		Katalognummer
	Vor Sonnenlicht geschützt aufbewahren.		Nicht erneut sterilisieren.
STERILE R	Sterilisiert mittels Bestrahlung		
	Nicht verwenden, wenn die Verpackung beschädigt ist.	0123	
	MR kompatibel		

WICHTIGE INFORMATIONEN ÜBER *HEXANIUM ACIF*-INSTRUMENTARIUM

PORTUGUÊS

SpineVision®

Hexanium ACIF: dispositivo de fusão intersomática cervical anterior

Utilização prevista

O sistema Hexanium ACIF *(Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion* ou fusão intersomática cervical anterior) destina-se a ser utilizado para um dispositivo de fusão de corpos intervertebrais da coluna cervical (C3-C7). Ele deve ser implantado através de uma abordagem anterior para permitir a estabilidade primária da coluna cervical (com ou sem restauro da altura do disco) até a fusão ocorrer.

Descrição

O sistema Hexanium ACIF consiste num espaçador e dois parafusos dosseo para a fusão isolada de corpos intervertebrais da coluna cervical (C3-C7). Os espaçadores do Hexanium ACIF estão disponíveis com vários formatos, alturas e ângulos lordóticos. Os parafusos dosseos do Hexanium ACIF estão disponíveis em vários comprimentos e diâmetros.

A superfície dos dois cages permite-lhes ser enchidos com enxerto ósseo.

A escolha do tipo de enxerto ósseo será sempre da responsabilidade do cirurgião.

Todos os espaçadores e parafusos são feitos de titânio adequado para implantes médicos (Ti6Al4V ELI conforme as normas ASTM F3001 e ASTM F136, respectivamente).

De acordo com o relatório de avaliação clínica, pode-se concluir que a relação risco-benefício é positiva.

Indicações

O sistema Hexanium ACIF (Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion ou fusão intersomática cervical anterior) é um dispositivo de fusão de corpos intervertebrais indicado para utilização em pacientes esqueleticamente maduros com Doença Degenerativa do Disco (DDD) em um nível de C3 a C7 da coluna cervical, e até 2 níveis consecutivos. Estes pacientes com DDD também poderão ter sintomas de radiculopatia e/ou mielopatia, ou espondilose no(s) nível(eis) envolvido(s), e devem ser resistentes a uma gestão conservadora. Este dispositivo é implantado através de uma abordagem anterior.

Contraindicações

Este dispositivo não se destina a ser utilizado na coluna torácica ou lombar.

As contraindicações incluem:

- infeção local no sítio operatório;
- sinais de inflamação local;
- febre ou leucocitose;
- obesidade mórbida;
- gravidez;
- casos pediátricos, ou pacientes ainda em fase de crescimento esquelético geral;
- espondilolistese, que não é possível para gra-i
- suspeita de alergia ou intolerância, bem como alergia ou intolerância documentada a metal;
- qualquer caso em que os componentes do implante selecionados são demasiadamente grandes ou demasiadamente pequenos para alcançar um resultado satisfatório;
- qualquer paciente com um tecido de estrutura inadequada no sítio operatório ou com uma qualidade óssea ou tecido ósseo inadequado;
- qualquer paciente no qual a utilização de implantes iria interferir com as estruturas anatómicas ou o desempenho fisiológico esperado;
- fusão já realizada no mesmo nível a tratar;
- qualquer caso que envolva infeção ativa ou fúngica ou fusão óssea;
- qualquer anomalia presente que afeta o processo normal de remodelação óssea, incluindo, entre outros, osteoporose grave, osteopenia, osteomielite, osteólise óssea, osteopenia, tumores primários ou metastáticos envolvendo a coluna, infeção ativa no local ou determinadas patologias metabólicas que afetam a osteogénese;
- qualquer outra condição que ponha em causa o benefício potencial de uma cirurgia de implante na coluna, como a presença de tumores ou anomalias congénitas, fratura local no sítio operatório, aumento da velocidade de segmentação que não seja explicado por outras doenças, aumento do número de glóbulos brancos (WBC), ou um desvio para a esquerda identificado na contagem diferencial de WBC;
- doença mental;
- qualquer paciente que não esteja disposto a cumprir as instruções pós-operatórias.

As contraindicações destes dispositivos são similares às de outros sistemas intersomáticos para a coluna. Este instrumento para a coluna não foi concebido, não se destina, nem foi vendido para outros usos que não os indicados.

Essas contra-indicações devem ser levadas em consideração pelo médico ao tomar sua decisão.

Potenciais efeitos adversos

Além dos riscos associados à cirurgia coluna sem instrumentação, podem ocorrer os seguintes potenciais eventos adversos:

- união atrasada;
- não-união (pseudoartrose);
- fratura ou falha dossea (stress shielding) no nível acima ou abaixo do local da cirurgia, microfratura, reabsorção, ou lesão em qualquer parte de nossos médicos do centro médico, de forma a não pôr em risco a segurança e saúde do paciente, usuário ou outra pessoa até à sua completa eliminação (incluindo implantes, descontinuação e resíduos).

Reclamações relativas aos produtos

Qualquer produto defeituoso (por exemplo, cliente ou usuário deste sistema de produtos), que tenha alguma reclamação ou que tenha sentido alguma insatisfação em termos de qualidade, identidade, durabilidade, fiabilidade, segurança, eficácia e/ou desempenho, ou qualquer problema médico que possa ser atribuído a qualquer um dos componentes do Hexanium ACIF implantados não cumprir alguma das suas especificações de desempenho ou de outro modo não funcionar conforme previsto, ou se existirem suspeitas nesse sentido, a SpineVision® deve ser imediatamente notificada.

Se algum produto da SpineVision® possa ter causado ou contribuído para a morte ou lesão grave de um paciente, a SpineVision® deve ser imediatamente notificada por telefone, fax ou carta de preenchimento obrigatório. Quando apresentar uma reclamação, indique o nome e número do(s) componente(s), número(s) de lote, o seu nome e morada, a natureza da reclamação e a notificação de se o(s) componente(s) está ou não em relatório por escrito da SpineVision®.

PARA QUALQUER INFORMAÇÃO OU RECLAMAÇÃO, CONTATE:

Na Europa	Nos EUA
SpineVision SAS 10 Rue de la Renaissance 92160 Antony – França Tel.: +33 (0) 1 5333 2525 E-mail: corp.quality@clariance-spinevision.com	SpineVision Inc. 3321 Townewood Dr St 130, Farmers Branch Texas, 75234 - USA Phone: +1 773 832 7554

	Ver limitações de reutilização no folheto da embalagem	Rx only	A legislação federal dos EUA restringe a venda deste dispositivo, permitindo sua comercialização exclusivamente por médicos ou a pedido dos mesmos.
	Não utilizar se a embalagem estiver danificada		
	Data de validade	LOT	Código de lote
	Não reutilizar	REF	Fabricante
	Manter seco		Número de catálogo
	Manter afastado da luz solar		Não re-esterilizar
STERILE R	Esterilizado utilizando radiação		
	Condicional para ressonância	0123	

INFORMAÇÕES IMPORTANTES SOBRE O INSTRUMENTO HEXANIUM ACIF

ESPAÑOL

SpineVision®

Hexanium ACIF: dispositivo de fusión intervertebral anterior

Uso previsto

El sistema Hexanium ACIF (fusión intervertebral anterior) está pensado como un dispositivo de fusión intervertebral independiente de la región cervical (C3-C7). Está diseñado para implantarse mediante intervención anterior para proporcionar estabilidad primaria a la columna vertebral (con o sin restablecimiento de la altura de disco) hasta que se produzca la fusión.

Descripción

El sistema Hexanium ACIF consiste en una caja y dos tornillos óseos para la fusión intervertebral independiente en la región cervical (C3-C7). Las cajas Hexanium ACIF están disponibles con placas inferiores de diversas formas, alturas, anchuras y lordosis. Los tornillos Hexanium ACIF están disponibles en diversas longitudes y diámetros. La geometría hueca de las cajas permite que puedan rellenarse con injertos óseos.

La selección del tipo de injerto óseo siempre es responsabilidad del cirujano.

Todas las cajas y tornillos están fabricados en titanio especial para implantes (Ti6Al4V ELI conforme con ASTM F3001 y F136, respectivamente).

De acuerdo con el informe de evaluación clínica, se puede inferir que la relación riesgo/beneficio es positiva.

Indicaciones

El sistema Hexanium ACIF (fusión intervertebral anterior) es un dispositivo de fusión intervertebral indicado para usos en pacientes de esqueleto desarrollado con hernia discal degenerativa a un nivel de C3 a C7 de la columna cervical, y hasta 2 niveles consecutivos. Estos pacientes con hernia discal degenerativa también pueden presentar síntomas de radiculopatías, mielopatías o espondilosis en los niveles implicados y deben resistir el tratamiento conservador. Este dispositivo se implanta mediante una intervención por vía anterior.

Contraindicaciones

Este dispositivo no está pensado para usos en vértebras torácicas o lumbares.

Entre las contraindicaciones figuran:

- infección localizada en el área de intervención;
- signos de inflamación local;
- fiebre o leucocitosis;
- obesidad mórbida;
- embarazo;
- casos pediátricos o pacientes en proceso de desarrollo del esqueleto;
- espondilolistesis imposible de reducir a grado 1;
- alergia o intolerancia a metales, ya esté documentada o haya sospechas;
- casos en que los componentes del implante seleccionado fuesen demasiado grandes o demasiado pequeños para conseguir un resultado satisfactorio;
- pacientes con una cobertura insuficiente de tejido óseo o área de intervención o mala calidad de la masa ósea;
- pacientes para quienes el uso del implante interfiera con las estructuras anatómicas o con la actividad fisiológica prevista;
- fusiones previas en el nivel que se va a tratar;
- casos en que no sea necesario un injerto óseo o una fusión;
- anomalías presentes que afecten al proceso normal de remodelación del hueso como, por ejemplo, osteoporosis grave en la columna vertebral, absorción ósea, osteopenia, tumores primarios o metástasis en la columna vertebral, infecciones activas en la zona o determinados trastornos metabólicos que afecten a la osteogénesis;
- cualquier caso que imposibilese los posibles beneficios de la cirugía de implante vertebral, como la presencia de tumores o anomalías congénitas, fracturas locales en el área de intervención, una elevación de la tasa de segmentación no explicada por otras enfermedades, la elevación del número de leucocitos o una tendencia diferencial a la izquierda en el recuento diferencial;
- enfermedades mentales;
- cualquier paciente que no pueda o no quiera cooperar con las instrucciones postoperativas.

Las contraindicaciones de estos dispositivos son similares a las de otros sistemas intervertebrales. Este instrumento vertebral no está diseñado o pensado ni se vende para otros usos distintos de los indicados. Al tomar una decisión, el médico debe tener en cuenta estas contraindicaciones.

Posibles sucesos adversos

Además de los riesgos asociados a la cirugía vertebral sin instrumentación, pueden aparecer los siguientes efectos secundarios:

- retrasos en la unión;
- falta de unión (pseudoartrosis);
- fracturas óseas o pérdidas de masa ósea por esfuerzos en la zona de la intervención o los alrededores, microfracturas, resorción o daños en las vértebras (incluidos los pedículos o el cuerpo de las vértebras), en los injertos óseos o en la zona de obtención de los mismos;
- injertos retropulsados;
- desprendimiento o desplazamiento del implante, que puede ocasionar parálisis, trastornos neurológicos o erosión de los vasos sanguíneos debido a la proximidad del dispositivo;
- pérdida de funciones neurológicas, aparición de radiculopatía, dengueros durales, aparición de dolor o daños neuvasculares como parálisis, eyaculación retrógrada temporal o permanente en varones u otros tipos de lesiones graves, así como pérdidas de líquido cefalorraquídeo;
- infecciones;
- hemorragia en vasos sanguíneos o hematomas;
- disfonía, arranquidos u otros tipos de inflamación;
- hundimiento del implante en vértebras contiguas, con la consiguiente pérdida de altura y posibles repercusiones en las estructuras circundantes;
- pérdida de la curvatura vertebral adecuada, corrección, altura o reducción;
- dolor, incomodidad o otras sensaciones anormales debidas a la presencia del dispositivo;
- núcleo pulposo herniado, trastornos discales o degeneración por encima o por debajo del nivel de la cirugía;
- disfagia;
- cambios degenerativos de nivel adyacente;
- Nenhum dispositivo de estabilização interna consegue suportar os mesmos níveis de atividade que um osso saudável normal. Nenhum implante está previsto suportar cargas frequentes exercidas ao longo do eixo da carga do osso corporal.
- Os implantes podem falhar quando sujeitos a um aumento de carga associado a uma união atrasada ou não união. Os dispositivos de estabilização interna destinam-se a ser utilizados como dispositivos de partilha de carga até ocorrer a cicatrização normal. Se a cicatrização normal for retardada ou não ocorrer, o dispositivo poderá partir-se devido a fadiga. Os pacientes devem ser informados sobre os riscos de falha do implante.

Segurança em Ressonância Magnética (RM): Não foram realizados testes não clínicos nas gaiolas Hexanium ACIF. No entanto, com base na literatura e na semelhança com materiais e designs com status MR Condicional estabelecido, o produto pode ser considerado seguro para uso sob condições MR Condicional de:

- Campo magnético estático de 1,5 Tesla e 3 Tesla, apenas
- Campo magnético gradiente espacial máximo de 4.000 gauss/cm (40 T/m)
- Sistema de RM máximo relatado, taxa de absorção específica (SAR) média de todo o corpo de 2 W/kg por 15 minutos de varredura (ou seja, por sequência de pulsos) no modo de operação normal
- Nas condições de digitalização definidas, espera-se que o Neo Cage System™ produza um aumento máximo de temperatura de 1,7 °C após 15 minutos de digitalização contínua (ou seja, por sequência de impulsos).

Em dados não clínicos, o artefacto de imagem causado pelas gaiolas Hexanium ACIF estende-se aproximadamente 12 mm a partir deste dispositivo quando a imagem é obtida utilizando uma sequência de impulsos de eco gradiente e um sistema de RM de 3 Tesla.

Eliminação

A eliminação de todos os resíduos infecciosos (implantes) deve ser efetuada de acordo com os regulamentos nacionais e locais aplicáveis e o protocolo de resíduos médicos do centro médico, de forma a não pôr em risco a segurança e saúde do paciente, usuário ou outra pessoa até à sua completa eliminação (incluindo implantes, descontinuação e resíduos).

Reclamações relativas aos produtos

Qualquer produto defeituoso (por exemplo, cliente ou usuário deste sistema de produtos), que tenha alguma reclamação ou que tenha sentido alguma insatisfação em termos de qualidade, identidade, durabilidade, fiabilidade, segurança, eficácia e/ou desempenho, ou qualquer problema médico que possa ser atribuído a qualquer um dos componentes do Hexanium ACIF implantados não cumprir alguma das suas especificações de desempenho ou de outro modo não funcionar conforme previsto, ou se existirem suspeitas nesse sentido, a SpineVision® deve ser imediatamente notificada.

Se algum produto da SpineVision® possa ter causado ou contribuído para a morte ou lesão grave de um paciente, a SpineVision® deve ser imediatamente notificada por telefone, fax ou carta de preenchimento obrigatório. Quando apresentar uma reclamação, indique o nome e número do(s) componente(s), número(s) de lote, o seu nome e morada, a natureza da reclamação e a notificação de se o(s) componente(s) está ou não em relatório por escrito da SpineVision®.

PARA QUALQUER INFORMAÇÃO OU RECLAMAÇÃO, CONTATE:

Na Europa	Nos EUA
SpineVision SAS 3 Rue de la Renaissance 92160 Antony – França Tel.: +33 (0) 1 5333 2525 E-mail: corp.quality@clariance-spinevision.com	SpineVision Inc. 3321 Townewood Dr St 130, Farmers Branch Texas, 75234 - USA Phone: +1 773 832 7554

	Vérase el prospecto para la limitación de la etiqueta	Rx solamente	A legislación federal dos EUA restringe a venda deste dispositivo, permitindo sua comercialização exclusivamente por médicos ou a pedido dos mesmos.
	No utilizar si el paquete está dañado		Consultar as instruções de utilização
	Fecha de vencimiento	LOT	Código de lote
	No reutilizar		Fabricante
	Manténgase en un lugar seco	REF	Número de catálogo
	Manténgase alejado de la luz solar		Não re-esterilizar
STERILE R	Esterilizado mediante radiación		
	Condicional para resonancia magnética	MD	Producto sanitario
		0123	

INFORMACIÓN IMPORTANTE SOBRE LOS INSTRUMENTOS HEXANIUM ACIF

NEDERLANDS

SpineVision®

Hexanium ACIF: anterieur cervicaal (Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion)

Beoogd gebruik

Het Hexanium ACIF-systeem is bedoeld als een op zichzelf staand fusiehulpmiddel voor het tussenwervellichaam van de cervicale wervelkolom (C3-C7). Het is bedoeld om via een anterieure ingreep te worden geïmplanteerd om een primaire stabiliteit van de cervicale kolom te bereiken (met of zonder herstelling van de schijfhoogte) totdat fusie optreedt.

Omschrijving

Het Hexanium ACIF-systeem bestaat uit een kooi en twee botschroeven voor de zelftappende fusie van het tussenwervellichaam van de halswervelkolom (C3-C7). De Hexanium ACIF-kooien zijn verkrijgbaar met ontsluiten van verschillende vorm, hoogte, breedte en diepte. De Hexanium ACIF-schroeven zijn verkrijgbaar in verschillende lengtes en diameters.

De holle geometrie van de kooien maakt het mogelijk om ze te vullen met bottransplantaat.

De keuze van het type botransplantaat blijft steeds de verantwoordelijkheid van de chirurg.

Alle kooien en botschroeven zijn vervaardigd van Titanium van implantaatkwaliteit (Ti6Al4V ELI conform ASTM F3001 en F136, respectievelijk).

Volgens het verslag van de klinische evaluatie kan worden geconcludeerd dat de baten/risico-verhouding positief is.

Indicaties

Het Hexanium ACIF-systeem is een fusiehulpmiddel voor het tussenwervellichaam dat is geïndiceerd voor gebruik bij patiënten met een volwassen skelet met degeneratieve schijfziekte (DDD) op één niveau C3 tot C7 van de cervicale wervelkolom en tot 2 opeenvolgende niveaus. Deze DDD-patiënten kunnen ook symptomen hebben van radiculopathie en/of myelopathie of spondylose op het/de betrokken niveau(s) en moeten resistent zijn tegen conservatieve behandeling. Dit apparaat wordt geïmplanteerd via een anterieure benadering.

Contra-indicaties

Dit apparaat is niet bedoeld voor gebruik in de thoracale of lumbale wervelkolom.

Contra-indicaties zijn:

- infectie, lokaal op de operatieplaats;
- symptomen van lokale ontsteking;
- koorts of leukocytose;
- morbide obesitas;
- zwangerschap;
- pediatrische gevallen, of patiënten waarbij de algemene ontwikkeling van het skelet niet is voltooid.
- spondylolisthesis die kan niet worden gereduceerd tot graad 1;
- vermoedelijke of gedocumenteerde allergie of overgevoeligheid voor metaal;
- elk geval waarin de voor gebruik geselecteerde implantaatinstrumenten te groot of te klein zouden zijn om een succesvolle uitkomst te bereiken;
- elke patiënt met onvoldoende weefselbedekking over de operatieplaats of onvoldoende botvoorraad of -kwaliteit;
- elke patiënt bij wie het gebruik van implantaten de anatomische structuren of verwachte fysiologische processen zou verstoren;
- voorafgaande fusie op het te behandelen niveau;
- elk geval waarin geen botransplantaat of fusie nodig is;
- elke aanwezige afwijking die het normale proces van botremodellering kan beïnvloeden, inclusief, maar niet beperkt tot: ernstige osteoporose waarbij de wervelkolom betrokken is, botatrofie, osteopenie, primaire of gemetastaseerde tumoren waarbij de wervelkolom betrokken is, actieve infectie op de locatie of bepaalde metabole stoornissen die osteogenese belemmeren;
- elke andere aandoening die het potentiële voordeel van een spinale implantaatchirurgie zou uitsluiten, zoals de aanwezigheid van tumoren of aangeboren afwijkingen, lokale fracturen op de operatieplaats, verhoogde segmentsnelheid die niet wordt verklaard door andere ziekten, verhoogd aantal witte bloedcellen (WBC) of een duidelijke verschuiving naar links in het WBC-differentiaalaantal;
- geestelijke ziekte;
- elke patiënt die niet bereid is om mee te werken aan postoperatieve instructies.

De contra-indicaties van dit instrumentarium zijn vergelijkbaar met die van andere spinale tussenwervelinstrumenten. Dit spinale instrumentarium is niet ontworpen of bedoeld of verkocht voor andere doeleinden dan aangegeven.

Deze contra-indicaties moeten door de arts in aanmerking worden genomen bij het nemen van zijn beslissing.

Potentiële negatieve effecten

Naast de risico's verbonden aan wervelkolomchirurgie zonder instrumentatie, kunnen de volgende potentiële negatieve effecten optreden:

- vertraagde fusie;
- Geen fusie (of pseudoartrose);
- botfractuur of botafbraak/botherinnering op, boven of onder het operatieve niveau, microfracturen, resorptie of beschadiging van ruggenmerg (met inbegrip van pedikels en/of wervellichamen) en/of botentransplantaten of botentransplantaatbed-donorplaats;
- retropulse van het transplantaat;
- loskomen of migreren van implantaten, wat kan leiden tot verlamming, neurologische aandoeningen of bloedvataletsel als gevolg van de nabijheid van het instrument;
- verlies van neurologische functie, optreden van radiculopathie, durale tranen en/of ontwikkeling van pijn, neurovasculair trauma zoals verlamming, tijdelijke of permanente retrograde ejaculatie bij mannen of andere soortein ernstig letsel, lekkage van spinaal hersenvocht;
- infectie;
- bloeding van bloedvaten en/of hematomen;
- dysfonie/heesheid, arrandoleo of andere soorten ontsteking;
- verzakking van het implantaat in aangrenzende wervellichamen met als gevolg verlies van lengte en mogelijke aanstasting van neurale structuren;
- verlies van de juiste lordotische curve, hoogte en/of vermindering van de wervelkolom;
- Pijn, ongemak of andere abnormale gevoelens als gevolg van de aanwezigheid van het instrument;
- hernia van de tussenwervelschijf, schijfdegeneratie of degeneratie op, boven of onder het operatieve niveau;
- dysfagie;
- degenerative veranderingen in aangrenzende niveaus;
- verlies of toename van mobiliteit of functie van de wervelkolom;
- druk op de omliggende weefsels of organen;
- reactie op vreemde lichamen als gevolg van de aanwezigheid van implantaten, zoals een massavorming, auto-immuunziekte of allergische reactie;
- onderbreking van potentiële groei van het groeperende deel van de wervelkolom;
- diepveneuze trombose, tromboflebitis;
- onwillekeurig van ademhalingsspieren, dyspnoe, atelectase, bronchitis, longontsteking, enz.;
- complicaties op de donorplaats van het botransplantaat;
- uitwendige of interne littekenvorming of andere soorten aandoeningen van het urologisch systeem;
- littekenvorming die mogelijk neurologische aandoeningen of compressie rond zenuwen en/of pijn veroorzaakt;
- verandering van de mentale status; onvermogen om de activiteiten van het normale dagelijkse leven te handhaven;
- overlijden.

Toelichting: Voor sommige potentiële ongewenste voorvallen kan een aanvullende chirurgische revisieprocedure nodig zijn.

Opslag en verpakking

De verpakking van alle componenten moet intact zijn bij ontvangst. Zorg ervoor dat u de implantaten niet beschadigt bij het openen van de verpakking. Voor implantaten die in steriele toestand worden geleverd, controleert u de verpakking op de aanwezigheid van de kleuren die duiden op steriliteit of de datum waarop de houdbaarheidsperiode van het implantaat verstrijkt. Als verpakkings- en etikettengegevens materialen moeten vóór de sterilisatie worden verwijderd. Reiniging en ontsmetting moeten vóór de sterilisatie worden uitgevoerd. Verdere informatie met betrekking tot reiniging en sterilisatie van SpineVision-producten is beschikbaar in de "Instructies voor reiniging, sterilisatie, inspectie en onderhoud van SpineVision medische instrumenten" I-LG09.

- **Reiniging en ontsmetting van de niet-sterile instrumenten in de zorginstelling:**

Het wordt aanbevolen om een neutrale pH-, enzymatische en alkalische (pH < 11) reinigingsmiddeloplossing en geëmulseerd of gedispergeerd oplosmiddel te gebruiken om (kamertemperatuur) water en opgelost te gebruiken.

Demonteer de noodzakelijke instrumenten. Gelede instrumenten moeten worden geopend.

Inspecteer alle instrumenten en het implantaat bij aankomst in de aanwezigheid van restanten vuil, let daarbij goed op draden, canules, scharnieren en moeilijk bereikbare zones.

	Zie bijsluiter voor etikettengebruiken	Rx only	De federale wetgeving (VS) beperkt dit instrument tot verkoop door of in opdracht van een arts.
	Gebruik dit product niet als de verpakking beschadigd is	LOT	Raadpleeg de gebruiksaanwijzing
	Vervaldatum		Batchcode
	Niet hergebruiken	REF	Fabrikant
	Droog houden		Catalogusnummer
	Niet aan zonlicht blootstellen		Niet hergebruiken
STERILE R	Gesteriliseerd met bestraling	MD	Medisch instrument

Toelichting: Bepaalde ongewijzigingsopleidingen, zoals de welke bloedmedicijt of formaldehyde bevatten, kunnen bepaalde materialen beschadigen en mogen niet worden gebruikt.

- **Verificatie**

De instrumenten moeten vóór gebruik altijd worden gecontroleerd; instrumenten die tekenen van zwakte of krassen op het operatievlak vertonen, mogen niet worden gebruikt. (Stuur implantaten de nodigheden terug naar de fabrikant of leverancier).

- **Sterilisatie**

Voorafgaand aan gebruik moeten de ACIF-instrumenten met stoom worden gesteriliseerd in functie van de volgende parameters:

Methode	Cyclus	Temperatuur	Minimale blootstellingstijd	Minimale droogtijd
Stoom	Prevacuum	134° (273°F)	3 minuten	30 minuten
Stoom	Prevacuum	134° (273°F)	18 minuten	30 minuten
Stoom	Prevacuum	132° (270°F)	4 minuten	30 minuten

De tweede cyclus (134°C gedurende 18 minuten) is de aanbevolen cyclus in verschillende Europese landen. Validaties werden uitgevoerd met dynamisch-luchtverwijderd stoomsterilisatieproces.

Waarschuwingen en voorzorgsmaatregelen

Preoperatief

- Het gebruik van de Hexanium ACIF-instrumenten moet worden uitgevoerd met behulp van speciale geschikte instrumenten, door een getrainde orthopedische chirurg of neurochirurg die bekend is met deze aanbevolgen en met de operatietechnieken met betrekking tot deze implantaten.
- De chirurg moet het met deze handleiding, de medische en chirurgische aspecten van het implantaat, maar ook van de materiële beperkingen van titaniuminplantaten. De patiënt moet worden geïnformeerd over de beperkingen van het implantaat, met name met betrekking tot de gewichtsbelasting en andere lichaamsspanningen op het apparaat voordat een solide fusie optreedt. De patiënt moet worden geïnstrueerd dat niet-naleving van postoperatieve instructies kan leiden tot falen van het instrument. De patiënt moet worden geïnstrueerd dat falen van het apparaat kan leiden tot de noodzaak van extra chirurgie om talende componenten te verwijderen.
- Er mogen alleen implantaten worden gebruikt die voldoen aan de criteria die zijn beschreven in de indicaties en er mogen geen patiënten worden geselecteerd die één van de bovengenoemde contraindicaties vertonen. Chirurgische factoren kunnen van belang zijn bij het selecteren van patiënten voor interne stabilisatie-instrumenten:
  - gevoeligheid voor metalen lichamen;
  - bepaalde degeneratieve ziektes;
  - sensititeit, gevoeligheid, alcoholisme of drugsmisbruik;
  - obesitas;
  - beroeps- of activiteitsniveaus van de patiënt;
  - leken.
- Aanvullende steriele componenten moeten beschikbaar zijn in geval van onverwachte behoefte.

INTRAOPERATIEF (de chirurgische techniek ACZ-ST101):

- Correcte hantering van de implantaten is uiterst belangrijk. De implantaten moeten zodanig worden vervoerd dat er geen schade optreedt aan kooien. De implantaten mogen niet gekrast zijn en mogen niet tegen elkaar worden geslagen tijdens hun hantering.
- Uiterste voorzichtigheid is geboden bij het opnemen van de Hexanium ACIF-implantaten, het vullen met autogeen botmateriaal en het inbrengen tussen de wervellichamen. Veranderingen kunnen defecten in de oppervlakteafwerking veroorzaken die kunnen leiden tot een breuk van het implantaat of kunnen de het implantaat of voor vermindende werkzaamheid bij het weerstaan van postoperatieve migratie (bijv. wanneer tanden van het implantaat beschadigd zijn).
- De juiste selectie van de implantaatgrootte is uiterst belangrijk. De kans op adequate stabilisatie wordt verhoogd door de selectie van de juiste grootte van het implantaat met betrekking tot de anatomie en de omstandigheden van de patiënt. Een juiste selectie van het implantaat kan risico's minimaliseren, maar niet eliminieren.
- De Hexanium ACIF-instrumenten zijn ontworpen voor gebruik met dit systeem. Gebruik de Hexanium ACIF-instrumenten niet met instrumenten die niet specifiek worden aanbevolen, of met instrumenten van een andere fabrikant.
- De Hexanium ACIF-instrumenten kun